CONTENT STANDARDS

Grade 2: Introduction to Social Studies

I. Time, Continuity, and Change:	II. Power, Authority, & Governance:	III. People, Places, and	IV. Production, Distribution, and
History	Government/Political Science	Environments: Geography	Consumption: Economics
2.1 The learner will demonstrate an	2.3 The learner will demonstrate an	2.7 The learner will demonstrate an	2.11 The learner will demonstrate an
understanding of the way individuals,	understanding of government, its	understanding of the world in	understanding of how scarcity and
families, and communities live and	origins and functions, including civic	spatial terms. The student should be	choice impact economic activity.
work together now and in the past.	life and politics. The student should	able to	The student should be able to
The student should be able to	be able to	2.7.1 identify the purposes and	2.11.1 compare and contrast the
2.1.1 identify characteristics that	2.3.1 discuss the purposes of rules	characteristics of geographic	systems of money
contribute to one's personal	and laws and the	representations such as	exchange and bartering,
identity;	consequences of breaking	maps, globes, and graphs;	2.11.2 identify examples of
2.1.2 compare and contrast family	them and	2.7.2 explain spatial concepts of	making economic choices
life in various places now, in	2.3.2 list sources of power and	location, distance, direction,	and explain what is given
the recent past, and long ago;	authority.	scale, movement, region and	up when making a choice
2.1.3 discuss the historic traditions		connections among places;	(opportunity costs/trade
of diverse groups and	2.4 The learner will demonstrate an	and	offs),
peoples; and	understanding of the foundations of	2.7.3 construct a simple map of a	2.11.3 discuss how people's
2.1.4 explain the ways these	American democracy, including its	familiar area incorporating	choices determine what
traditions are passed down	basic principles and the foundations	cardinal direction, scale, and	will be produced,
from generation to	of the American political system. The	map symbols.	2.11.4 list examples of resources
generation.	student should be able to		needed to make a specific
	2.4.1 relate ways people can work	2.8 The learner will demonstrate an	product, and
2.2 The learner will demonstrate an	together to promote the	understanding of places and regions.	2.11.5 explain that through
understanding of the history of	principles and ideals of	The student should be able to	saving and investment,
peoples of many cultures around the	American democracy and	2.8.1 describe how physical and	one can increase the
world. The student should be able	2.4.2 identify cultural diversity in	human processes work	amount money that one
to	the United States.	together to shape places,	has.
2.2.1 describe folklore and other		2.8.2 explain the concept of region	
cultural contributions from	2.5 The learner will demonstrate an	as an area with unifying	2.12 The learner will demonstrate an
various regions of the United	understanding of the relationship of	characteristics,	understanding of markets and the
States and the world and how	the United States to other nations and	2.8.3 compare and contrast regions,	role of demand and supply in
they help form a nation's	to world affairs, including the	and	determining price and resource
heritage	division of the world into nations and	2.8.4 locate the United States, the	allocation. The student should be
	the interactions between the United	seven continents, and the four	able to
	States and other nations. The student	oceans on a map and a globe.	2.12.1 give examples of markets
	should be able to	2.9 The learner will demonstrate an	for various goods and
	2.5.1 define the term "nation" in relation to the status of the	understanding of the role of human	services.
	United States and recognize	systems on Earth. The student should	2.13 The learner will demonstrate an
	that the United States is one	be able to	understanding of government in the
	of many nations in the world	2.9.1 discuss how populations are	operation of markets. The student should
	and	spatially distributed,	be able to
	2.5.2 describe how the United	2.9.2 compare and contrast the	be able to
	States	2.3.2 compare and contrast the	
	States		

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Urade 2. Introduction to Social Studies I. Time Continuity and Change. II. Design Authority & Communication Dispute and U. Droduction Distribution and				
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History	Government/Political Science	Environments: Geography	Consumption: Economics	
	interacts with other nations through trade, diplomacy, and cultural contacts.	characteristics of population in various areas, 2.9.3 describe how various cultures influence the way people live,	2.13.1 name different services and goods that the government provides citizens and	
	2.6 The learner will demonstrate an understanding of the role of the citizen in American democracy, including personal and civic rights	2.9.4 state the importance of transportation and communication networks, and 2.9.5 explain patterns of land use	2.13.2 explain why the government collects taxes.	
	and responsibilities. The student should be able to 2.6.1 demonstrate what it means	and the types of settlements worldwide.	2.14 The learner will demonstrate an understanding of the national economy and economic policies.	
	to be a responsible citizen and 2.6.2 show how a citizen can influence policies and decisions by working with	2.10 The learner will demonstrate an understanding of interactions between the environment and society. The student should be able to 2.10.1 name ways in which people	between businesses and households and 2.14.2 identify circumstances in	
	others.	modify the physical environment and the ways in which humans adapt to various environments,	services.	
		2.10.2 discuss how the physical environment can both accommodate and be endangered by human activities,	2.15 The learner will demonstrate an understanding of the principles of trade and economic development. The student should be able to 2.15.1 define importing and	
		2.10.3 identify ways in which the physical environment provides opportunities and constrains human activities, and	exporting and give examples of each and 2.15.2 give examples of interdependence among nations and regions.	
		2.10.4 analyze the relationship between the locations of resources and patterns of population distribution.	nations and regions.	